

MB45



Extremely versatile, high performance, high quality, and long tool life milling

Delivers the “low cutting force” benefits of positive inserts and the “fracture resistance” benefits of negative inserts, and provides excellent surface finish

Wide variety of machining applications, including steel, stainless steel, cast iron, aluminum alloys, and heat-resistant alloys



New 45° general purpose milling series

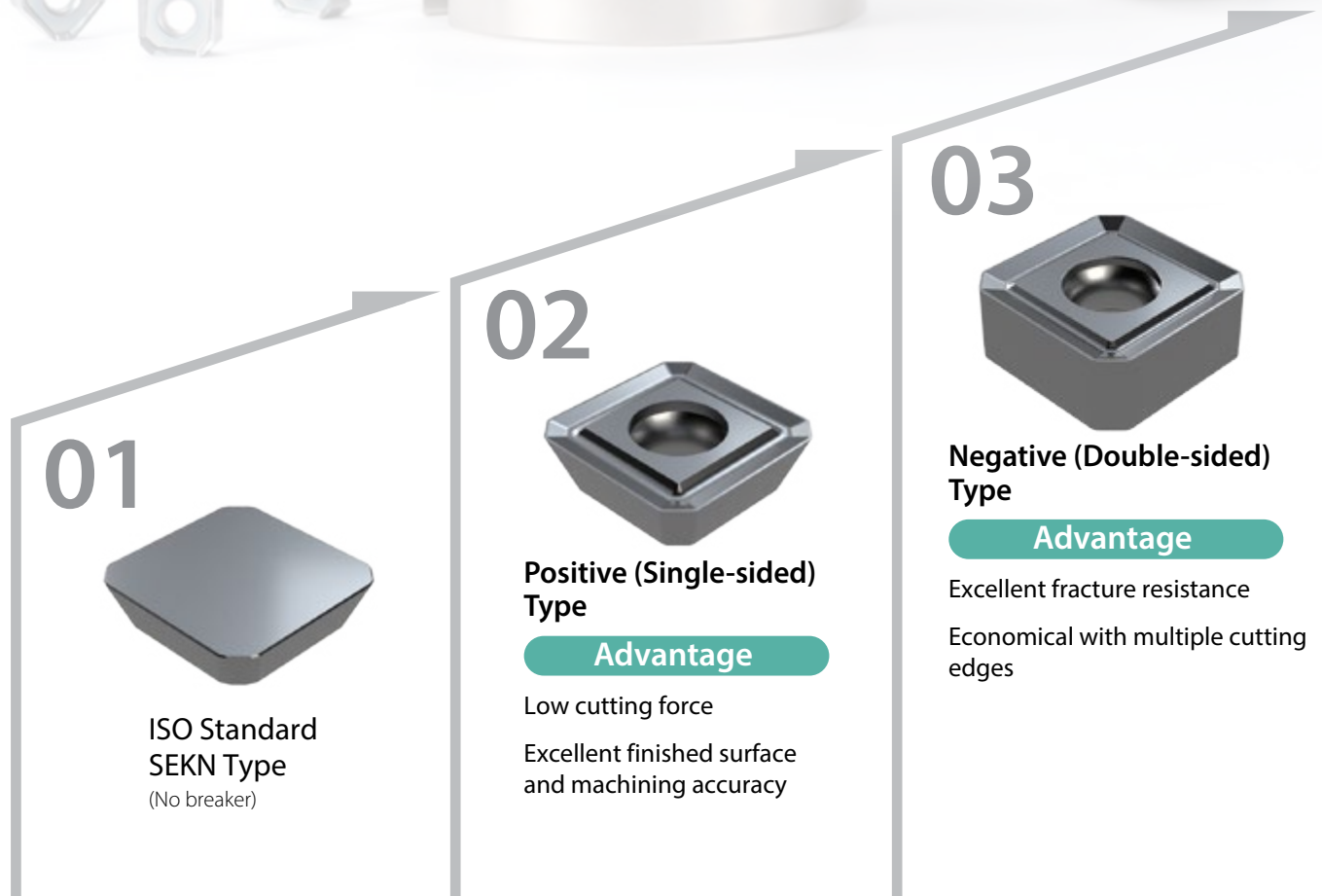
MB45

Provides high quality and high performance machining solutions with long tool life
Delivers the “low cutting force” benefits of positive inserts and the “fracture resistance” benefits of negative inserts, and provides excellent surface finish

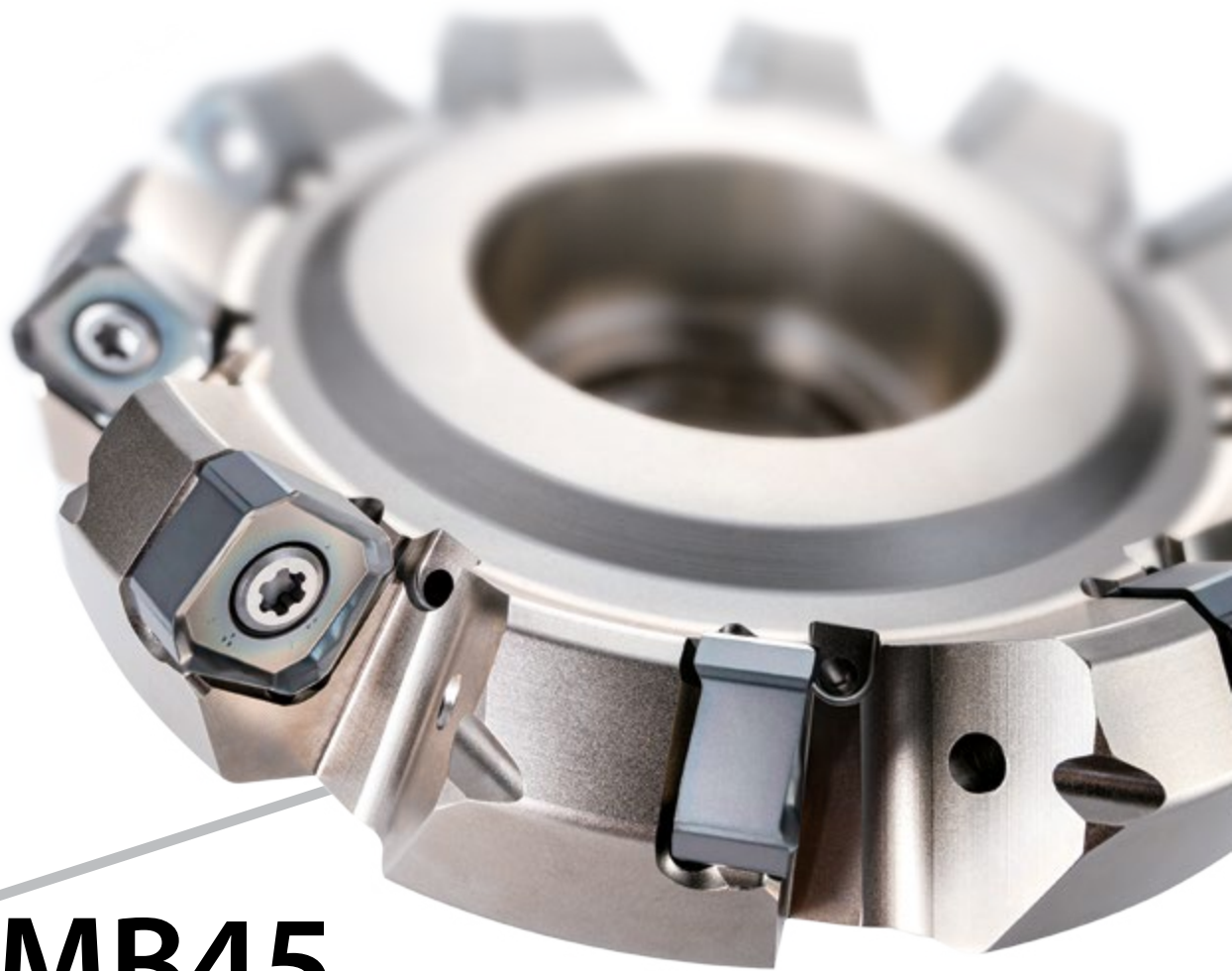
Extreme versatility

General-purpose milling cutters require a balance between high-quality, high-performance, long tool life, economy, and versatility to be able to tackle a wide variety of machining applications.

Pursue all of these qualities without compromising with the MB45. These next-generation cutters will last, whether you are running general machining applications, or finding valuable new machining solutions.



Evolving to standardize new technology



04

MB45

Delivers the “low cutting force” benefits of positive inserts and the “fracture resistance” benefits of negative inserts

High Quality

High quality results and excellent surface finish

- Lineup of E class inserts
- Long arc wiper edge
- Back coolant hole

High Performance

Unique design with high performance, low cutting force and fracture resistance

- Double edge structure and helical cutting edge (A.R. max + 13°)

Long Tool Life

Next-generation PVD coating for milling PR18 Series

- Double lamination technology maintains longer tool life
- Double-sided 8-corner design reduces tool costs

NEW

Solution

Find new value with excellent versatility

- Roughing and finishing with E class inserts
- For a wide variety of machining applications: Small machines (BT30, etc.) with \varnothing 40 mm cutter
- For a variety of workpieces: Cost-cutting with multiple cutting edges for aluminum machining
- Gain excellent surface finish with Cermet inserts (TN620M)

1 "Versatility" + "Quality": Large insert lineup supports a wide variety of machining applications

Five types of inserts for various machining applications

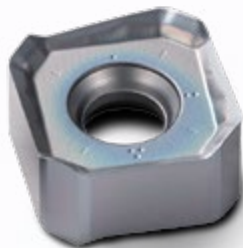
Economical inserts with 8 cutting edges

General purpose GM insert with E-Class and M-Class options based on required machining accuracy

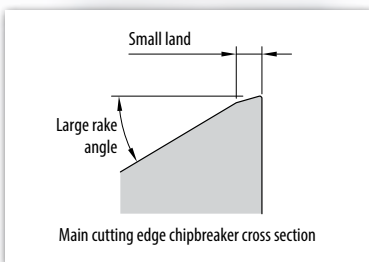
Video



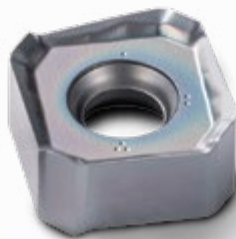
Low cutting force **SM** (E-Class)



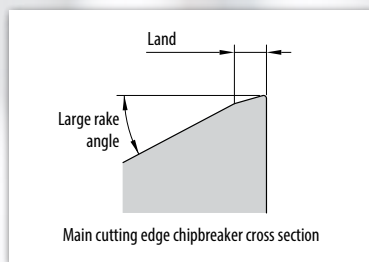
Sharpness oriented with a low cutting force design
-10% cutting resistance compared to general purpose GM insert
Recommended for small machines (BT30)



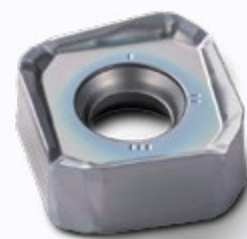
General **GM** (E-Class / M-Class)



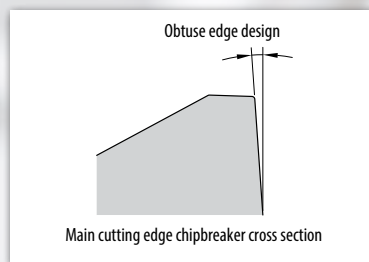
1st recommendation for steel machining
Low cutting force and fracture resistance
E-Class or M-Class selectable



Tough Edge **GH** (M-Class)

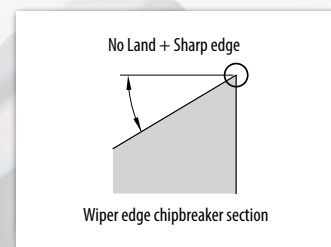
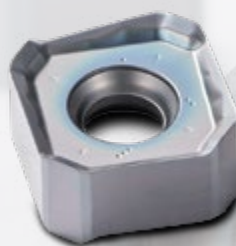


Tough cutting edge and excellent fracture resistance
Obtuse edge design is resistant to chipping
Recommended for intermittent machining

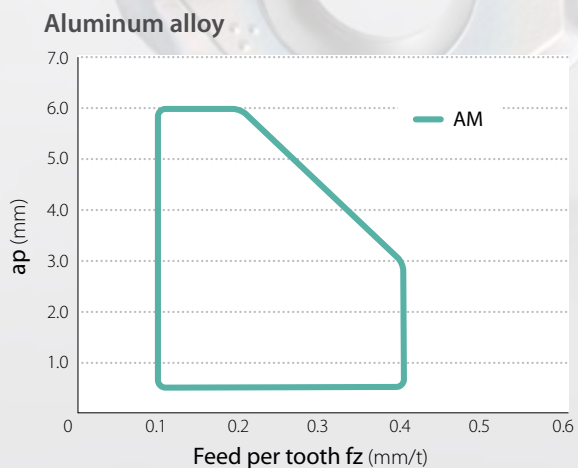
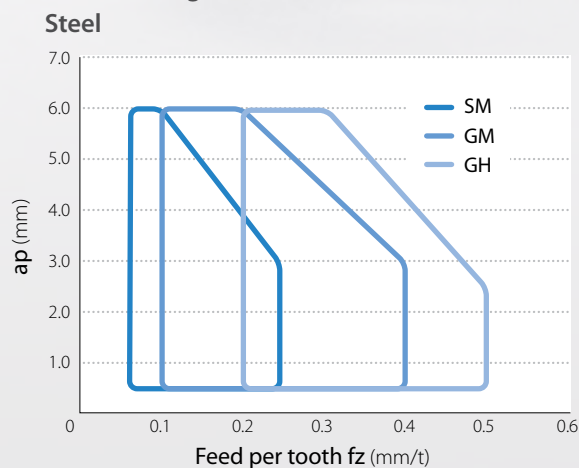


AM for Aluminum alloys

No Land + Sharp edge specifications
Excellent sharpness



Applicable insert range



When to use GM (Class E/M)

Selection by machining application

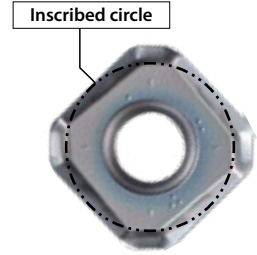
Surface roughness oriented:

GM (E-Class)

Cost-effective and surface finish oriented: GM (M-Class)

| Criteria | GM (E-Class) | GM (M-Class) |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Tolerance | Inscribed circle tolerance ± 0.013 mm | Inscribed circle tolerance ± 0.05 mm |
| Surface finish | applicable = Approx. $1.6\mu\text{mRa}$ | applicable = Approx. $3.2\mu\text{mRa}$ |
| (Gloss) | 2nd choice | 1st choice |
| Machining efficiency | applicable | applicable |
| Economy | applicable | applicable |

*Surface finish is based on internal assessment and varies depending on the machining environment



Solution

Tool integration for roughing and finishing with E-Class insert

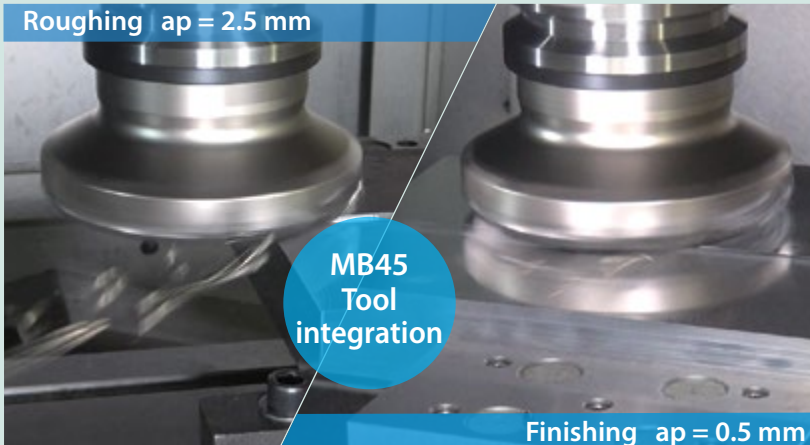
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Tool integration for roughing and finishing resulting in reduced tool management and inventory costs

Video



Roughing $a_p = 2.5$ mm



Finishing $a_p = 0.5$ mm

Chip condition

Good chips in both roughing and finishing

Roughing



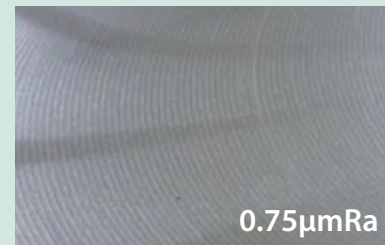
Finishing



Cutting conditions: $\phi 125$ (10 inserts) GM (E-Class) dry, workpiece: S50C
 Roughing: $V_c = 200$ m/min, $a_p \times a_e = 2.5 \times 85$ mm, $f_z = 0.20$ mm/t
 Finishing: $V_c = 250$ m/min, $a_p \times a_e = 0.5 \times 85$ mm, $f_z = 0.15$ mm/t

Finished surface condition

Excellent surface finish

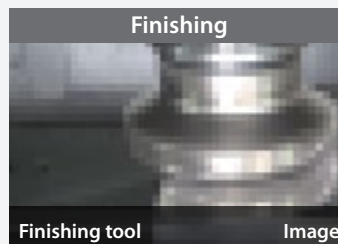


Conventional machining

Tool replacement is needed when roughing and finishing



+



(Internal evaluation)

2

“Versatility” + “Long tool life”: 7 insert grades covering steel, stainless steel, cast iron, heat-resistant alloys to aluminum alloy machining

For steel, stainless steel and cast iron 

PR1825/PR1835/PR1810 New development MEGACOAT NANO EX

For stainless steel and heat-resistant alloys 

CA6535 CVD coating

For steel | Surface finish oriented 

TN620M Cermet

For aluminum machining 

PDL025 DLC coating

GW25 Non-coated carbide

Next-generation PVD coating for milling 

PR18 Series

Kyocera’s nano layer coating technology. Longer tool Life with next-generation coating for milling



Double lamination technology maintains longer tool life

Multi-layer structure with two unique nano layers
Superior abrasion resistance and fracture resistance

Special nano layer x Multilayer lamination

Nano-Layer

High toughness
suppresses crack growth

AlCr-based coating
with excellent abrasion resistance

Nano-Layer

High toughness
suppresses crack growth

AlTi-based coating
with excellent heat resistance

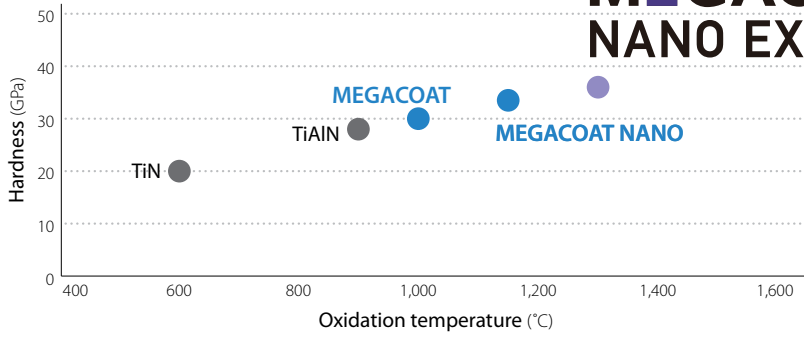
Multi-layering of high-performance nano layers

Increases toughness with the suppression of crack growth and optimization of internal stress

CG Image

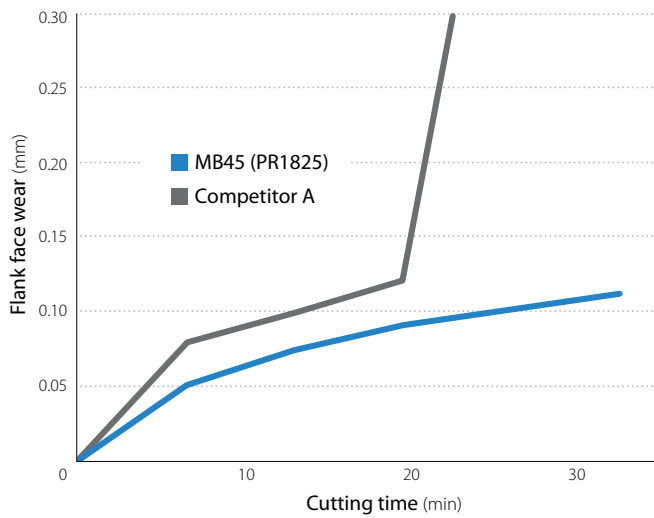
Coating characteristics (Internal evaluation)

MEGACOAT NANO EX | Milling |



PR1825 with PVD coating MEGACOAT NANO EX provides long tool life

Wear resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)



Cutting edge condition (after 20 min machining)

MB45(PR1825)



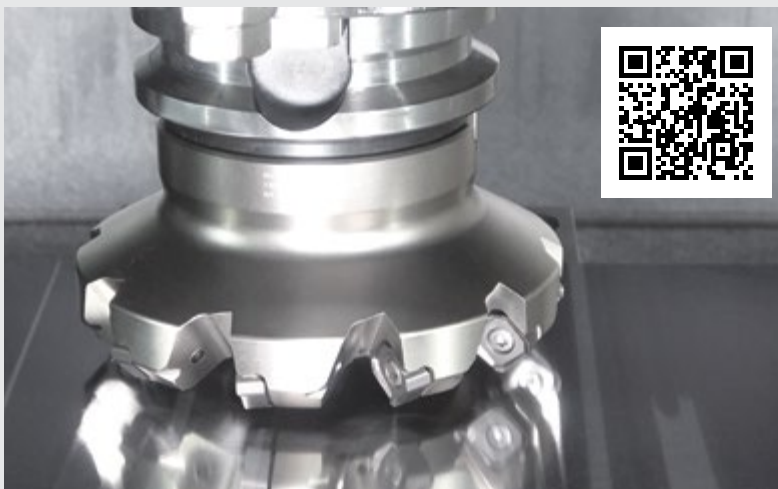
Competitor A



Cutting conditions: Vc = 120 m/min, ap = 2.0 mm, ae/DC = 80 %, fz = 0.20 mm/t, Dry
Workpiece: SKD11, ø125 BT50

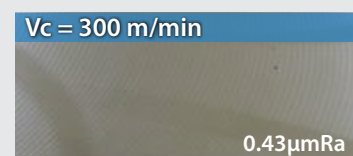
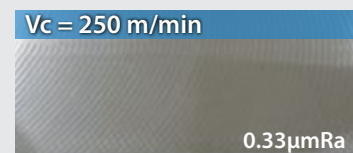
Solution Utilizing Cermet TN620M

Cermet (TN620M) for efficient finishing



Surface finish condition (Internal evaluation)

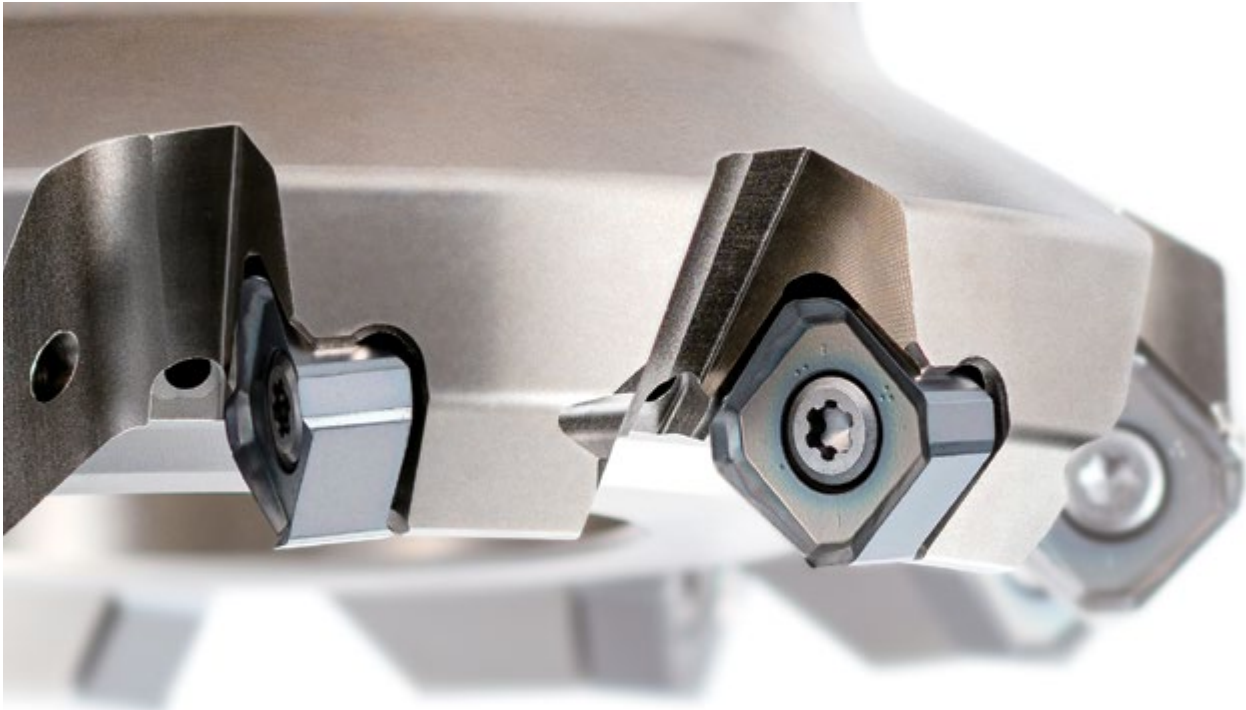
Superior surface finish



Cutting conditions: ap × ae = 0.5 × 100 mm
fz = 0.15 mm/t, Dry
Workpiece: S50C, ø125 (10 inserts), GM (TN620M)

3

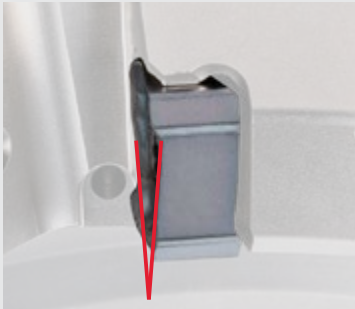
“Versatility” + “High Performance”: New design utilizes unique technology. Low cutting force and excellent fracture resistance with excellent surface finish



Low cutting force and excellent fracture resistance

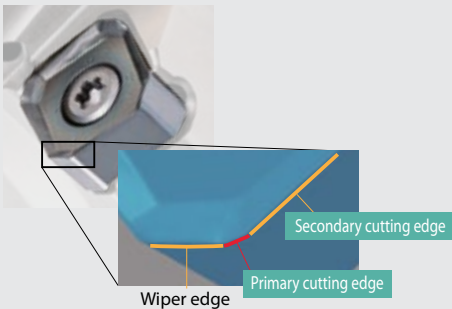
Unique helical cutting edge and double-edge structure

A unique helical cutting edge



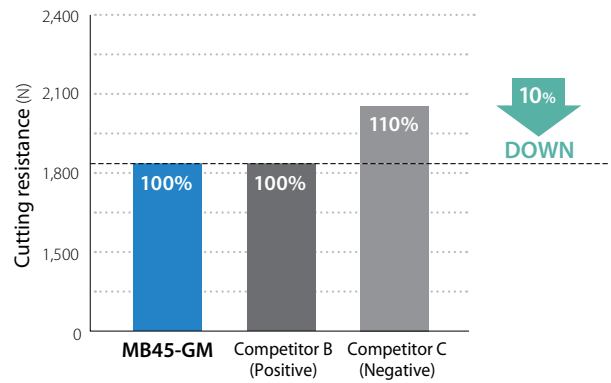
A.R. Ensures a maximum of 13° and suppresses chatter with low cutting force.

Double edge structure



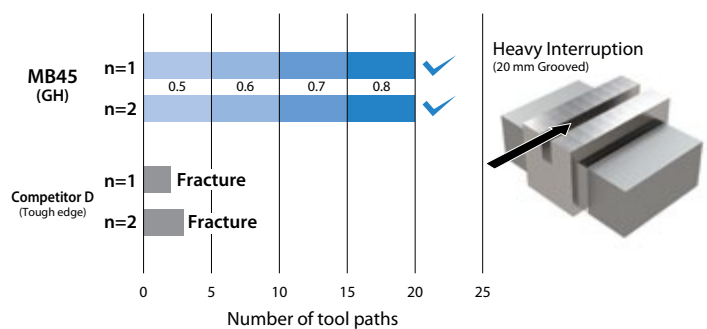
Primary cutting edge generates thin chips, reduces impact load and greatly reduces vibration when exiting the part.

Cutting resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)



Cutting conditions: $V_c = 180$ m/min, $a_p = 3.0$ mm, $a_e/DC = 80\%$ Center Cut, $f_z = 0.30$ mm/t, Workpiece: S50C

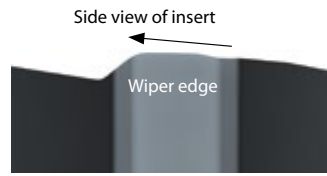
Fracture resistance comparison (Internal evaluation) $f_z = 0.5\sim 0.8$ mm/t



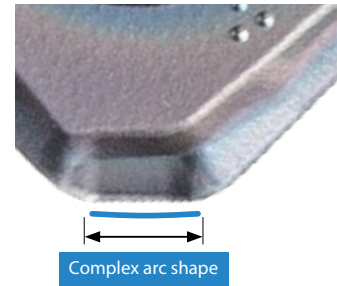
Cutting conditions: $V_c = 100$ m/min, $a_p \times a_e = 2 \times 100$ mm Center Cut, BT50 Workpiece: SCM440HT $\phi 125$ (10 inserts)

Unique long arc wiper edge

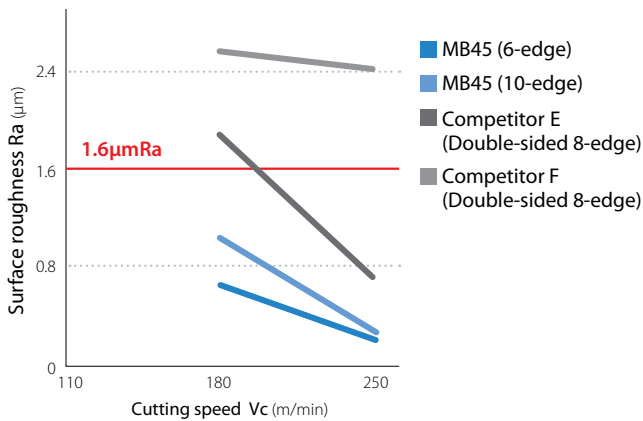
Reduces variation in mounting accuracy and provides superior finished surface quality



Convex curved shape with wiper edge protruding upward
*GM/SM/AM (E-Class)

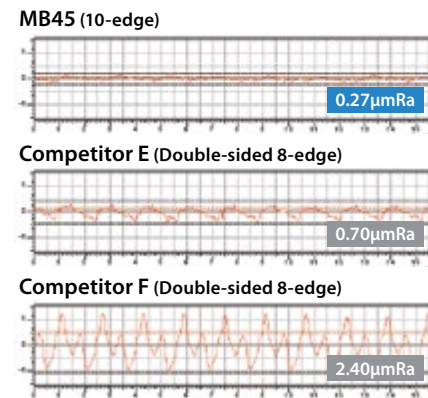


Surface roughness comparison (Internal evaluation)



Cutting conditions: $a_p = 1.0$ mm, $a_p \times a_e = 1 \times 100$ mm (Center Cut), $f_z = 0.20$ mm/t, Dry
Workpiece: S50C $\phi 125$ (6 inserts/10 inserts) GM (PR1825) BT50

Finishing surface condition ($V_c = 250$ m/min)



Proprietary long arc wiper edge provides excellent finishing surface quality

Finishing surface quality comparison (Image)

MB45

Long arc wiper edge

Smooth finished surface with small feed joints



General insert

Straight wiper edge

The feed joint is large and the finished surface is stepped.



Solution Unique back coolant structure delivers excellent finished surface.

Smooth chip evacuation reduces scratches and chip clogging on finished surfaces.

Reliably supplies coolant to the cutting edge. Internal coolant allows for even higher quality surface finish.

Unique back coolant structure

Coolant hole

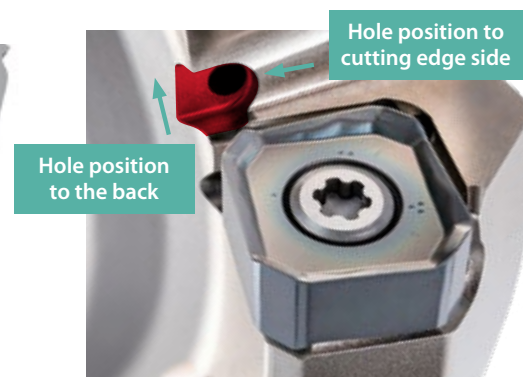
Mounted closer to the cutting edge than before
Control chip outward for excellent chip evacuation to ensure to cool the cutting edge (up to $\phi 125$).

Special grooves in the discharge port





The hole position is on the far side to prevent chip contact.
Improves deterioration of chip control and evacuation.

* Due to shape restrictions, some toolholders do not have grooves in the discharge port.

Fluid analysis (image)



Toolholder Lineup

| Coarse pitch | Fine pitch | Extra fine pitch | Shank type |
|--|---|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |
| Recommended for workpieces or machines with low rigidity (such as sheet machining or BT30) Economical | 1st recommendation Good balance of stability, machining accuracy and efficiency Supports a wide range of machining areas | Recommended for high rigid workpiece and machine | Compatible with milling chucks (face mill recommended basically) *Shank size: $\phi 32$ |
| Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 315$ * $\phi 315$: Made to order | Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 315$ * $\phi 315$: Made to order | Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 250$ | Cutting diameter $\phi 40$ to $\phi 80$ |

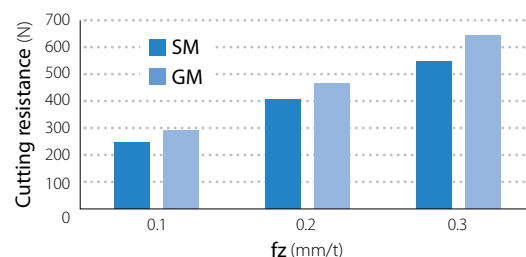


Compatible with smaller machines

Lineup of coarse pitch $\phi 40$
Works well on small machines such as BT30

Recommendation for small machines:
Low cutting force SM
Cutting resistance is about 10% less than general-purpose GM

Cutting resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)



Cutting conditions: $V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_p = 1.0$ mm, $a_e/D_c = 80\%$, Dry, BT50
Workpiece: S50C

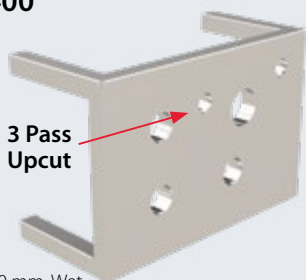


SM

Case studies

Excellent performance even under unstable machining conditions

Cradle SS400



$V_c = 160$ m/min
 $a_p \times a_e = 0.07 \times 1.30$ mm, Wet

Machining efficiency

MB45 $\phi 160$ 12 inserts
GM(PR1825)

$V_f = 760$ mm/min
 $f_z = 0.20$ mm/t

Competitor G $\phi 160$ 8 inserts

$V_f = 620$ mm/min
 $f_z = 0.25$ mm/t

Machining efficiency

1.2x

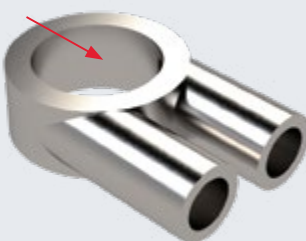
MB45 shows stable machining in an environment prone to deflection and chatter.
Increasing the number of inserts improves efficiency. Highly rated for quiet machining
Improved joints between machining passes

(User evaluation)

Case studies

Achieves 1.6x longer tool life under the same machining conditions

Housing SUS316



$V_c = 90$ m/min
 $a_p = 2.0$ mm, $f_z = 0.18$ mm/t, Dry

Number of parts

MB45 $\phi 63$ 5 inserts
GM(PR1825)

30 pcs per corner

Competitor H $\phi 63$ 5 inserts

18 pcs per corner

Tool life

1.6x

MB45 shows stable machining without chattering
Wear on the cutting edge proceeds normally and shows 1.6x tool life than competitor.

(User evaluation)

Recommended Cutting conditions ★ 1st Recommendation ☆ 2nd Recommendation

| Chipbreaker | Workpiece | Feed fz (mm/t) | Recommended insert grade (Vc: m/min) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | | | PVD coating | | | | CVD coating | Cermet | DLC coating | Carbide |
| | | | MEGACOAT NANO EX | | PR1810 | MEGACOAT HARD | | | | |
| | | | PR1835 | PR1825 | | | PR0155 | CA6535 | TNG20M | PDL025 |
| General GM | Carbon steel | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.4 (0.06 – 0.12 – 0.20) | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | ★ 120 – 180 – 250 | – | – | – | ★ 200 – 250 – 300 | – | – |
| | Alloy steel | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.4 (0.06 – 0.12 – 0.20) | ☆ 100 – 160 – 220 | ★ 100 – 160 – 220 | – | – | – | ★ 180 – 220 – 250 | – | – |
| | Mold steel | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.35 (0.06 – 0.08 – 0.15) | ☆ 80 – 140 – 180 | ★ 80 – 140 – 180 | – | – | – | ★ 150 – 180 – 220 | – | – |
| | Austenitic stainless steel | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.4 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 200 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 200 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Martensitic stainless steel | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.4 | ☆ 150 – 200 – 250 | – | – | – | ☆ 180 – 240 – 300 | – | – | – |
| | Precipitation hardening stainless steel | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.3 | ★ 90 – 120 – 150 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Gray cast iron | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.4 | – | – | ★ 120 – 180 – 250 | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Ductile cast iron | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.35 | – | – | ★ 100 – 150 – 200 | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Ni-based heat resistant alloys | 0.1 – 0.12 – 0.2 | ☆ 20 – 30 – 50 | – | – | – | ★ 20 – 30 – 50 | – | – | – |
| Low cutting force SH | Carbon Steel | 0.06 – 0.12 – 0.25 | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Alloy Steel | 0.06 – 0.12 – 0.25 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 220 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 220 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Mold steel | 0.06 – 0.1 – 0.2 | ☆ 80 – 140 – 180 | ☆ 80 – 140 – 180 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Austenitic stainless steel | 0.06 – 0.12 – 0.25 | ★ 100 – 160 – 200 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 200 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Martensitic stainless steel | 0.06 – 0.12 – 0.25 | ☆ 150 – 200 – 250 | – | – | – | ★ 180 – 240 – 300 | – | – | – |
| | Precipitation hardening stainless steel | 0.06 – 0.12 – 0.25 | ☆ 90 – 120 – 150 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Gray cast iron | 0.06 – 0.12 – 0.25 | – | – | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Ductile cast iron | 0.06 – 0.1 – 0.2 | – | – | ☆ 100 – 150 – 200 | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Ni-based heat resistant alloys | 0.06 – 0.1 – 0.15 | ☆ 20 – 30 – 50 | – | – | – | ☆ 20 – 30 – 50 | – | – | – |
| Titanium alloy | 0.06 – 0.08 – 0.15 | ★ 40 – 60 – 80 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | |
| Tough edge GH | Carbon Steel | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.5 | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Alloy Steel | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.5 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 220 | ☆ 120 – 160 – 220 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Mold steel | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.45 | ☆ 80 – 140 – 180 | ☆ 80 – 140 – 180 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Austenitic stainless steel | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.4 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 200 | ☆ 100 – 160 – 200 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Martensitic stainless steel | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.4 | ☆ 150 – 200 – 250 | – | – | – | ☆ 180 – 240 – 300 | – | – | – |
| | Precipitation hardening stainless steel | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.4 | ☆ 90 – 120 – 150 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Gray cast iron | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.5 | – | – | ☆ 120 – 180 – 250 | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Ductile cast iron | 0.2 – 0.3 – 0.45 | – | – | ☆ 100 – 150 – 200 | – | – | – | – | – |
| | Ni-based heat resistant alloys | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.3 | ☆ 20 – 30 – 50 | – | – | – | ☆ 20 – 30 – 50 | – | – | – |
| | Hardened material (40 HRC or less) | 0.05 – 0.1 – 0.2 | – | – | – | ★ 50 – 80 – 100 | – | – | – | – |
| AM | Aluminum alloy | 0.1 – 0.2 – 0.4 | – | – | – | – | – | ★ 200 – 600 – 900 | ☆ 200 – 500 – 800 | – |

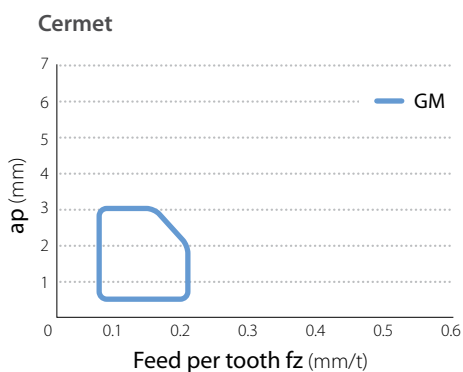
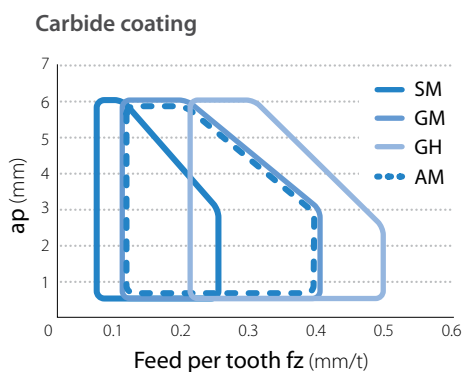
The number in bold font is recommended starting conditions. Adjust the cutting speed and the feed rate within the above conditions according to the actual machining situation. Machining with coolant is recommended for Ni-based heat resistant alloy and titanium alloy. When choosing wet machining for other workpieces, reduce the cutting speed to 70% or less. When machining aluminum, be sure to use within recommended conditions. Do not rotate more than the maximum speed listed on the main unit. Dry machining is recommended for cermet.

Applicable inserts

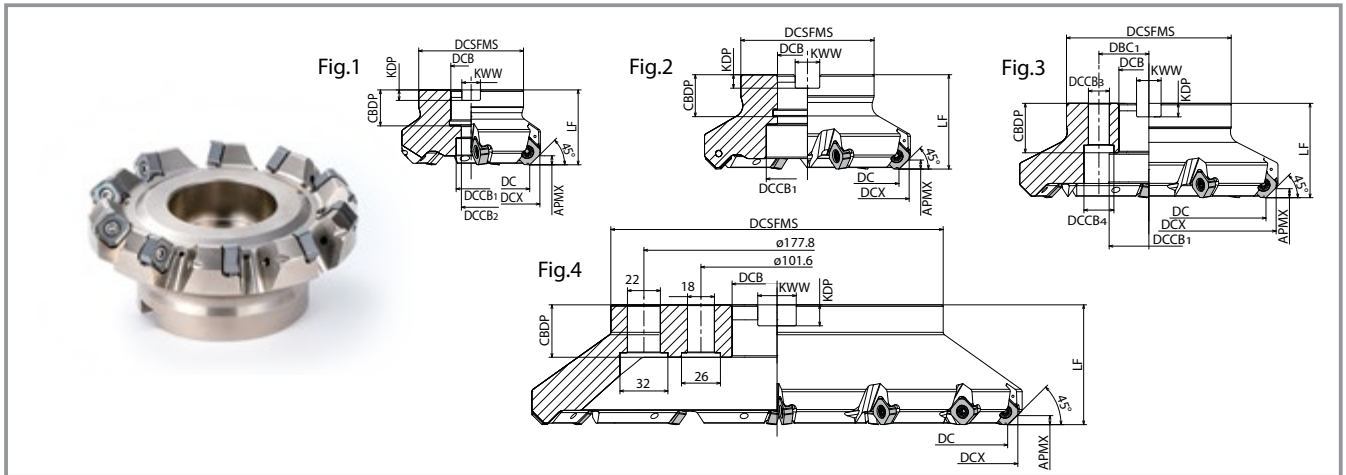
| Usage classification | | P | Steel | | ★ | ☆ | | | | ■ | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|---|--|-----------------|-----|-----|--------|--------|------------------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|-----|
| | | | Mold steel | | ★ | ☆ | | | | ■ | | | | | | |
| ★: Roughing/ 1st recommendation ☆: Roughing/ 2nd recommendation ■: Finishing/ 1st recommendation □: Finishing/ 2nd recommendation (Hardened material is 40 HRC or less) | | M | Austenitic stainless steel | | ☆ | ★ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Martensitic stainless steel | | | ☆ | | ★ | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Precipitation hardening stainless steel | | | ★ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Gray cast iron | | | | | ★ | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Ductile cast iron | | | | | ★ | | | | | | | | |
| | | N | | Nonferrous metal | | | | | | | ★ | ☆ | | | | |
| | | S | | Heat resistant alloys (Ni-based heat resistant alloys) | | | | | | ★ | | | | | | |
| | | | | Titanium alloy | | | ★ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | H | | Hardened material | | | | | | ★ | | | | | | |
| | | Shape | | Description | Dimensions (mm) | | | | | MEGACOAT NANO EX | | | MEGACOAT HARD | CVD | Cermet | DLC |
| IC | S | | | | BCH | BS | D1 | PR1825 | PR1835 | PR1810 | PR0155 | CA6535 | TN620M | PDL025 | GW25 | |
| General purpose (M-Class) | | SNMU1406ANER-GM | 14.7 | 6.07 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 5.8 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | | |
| Tough edge (M-Class) | | SNMU1406ANER-GH | 14.7 | 5.89 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 5.8 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | | |
| General purpose (E-Class) | | SNEU1406ANER-GM | 14.7 | 6.07 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 5.8 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | | |
| Low cutting force (E-Class) | | SNEU1406ANER-SM | 14.7 | 6.07 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 5.8 | ● | ● | | | ● | | | | |
| Aluminum and non-ferrous metals (E-Class) | | SNEU1406ANFR-AM | 14.7 | 6.07 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 5.8 | | | | | | | ● | ● | |

●: Available

Applicable chipbreaker range



MB45 Face mill



Toolholder dimensions

| Description | Availability | Number of inserts | Dimensions (mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | | A.R. max.(°) | R.R.(°) | Coolant hole | Weight (kg) | Maximum number of revolutions (min ⁻¹) | Shape | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-----|--------------|---------|--------------|-------------|--|-------|------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | DC | DCX | DCSFMS | DCB | DCCB1 | DCCB2 | DCCB3 | DCCB4 | DBC1 | LF | CBDP | KDP | KWW | | | | | | | APMX | | | |
| Coarse pitch | MB45 - | 040R-14T2C-M | ● | 2 | 40 | 53 | 38 | 16 | 13.5 | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 5.6 | 8.4 | 6 | 13 | -12 | Yes | 0.4 | 12,700 | Fig. 1 |
| | | 050R-14T3C-M | ● | 3 | 50 | 63 | 48 | 22 | 18 | 11 | 40 | 21 | 6.3 | 10.4 | 0.5 | 11,400 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 063R-14T4C-M | ● | 4 | 63 | 76 | 50 | 27 | 20 | 13 | 50 | 24 | 7 | 12.4 | 0.7 | 10,100 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 080R-14T5C-M | ● | 5 | 80 | 93 | 70 | 27 | 20 | 13 | 50 | 30 | 8 | 14.4 | 1.4 | 9,000 | Fig. 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 100R-14T5C-M | ● | 5 | 100 | 113 | 78 | 32 | 45 | 40 | 55 | 33 | 9 | 16.4 | 1.9 | 8,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 125R-14T6C-M | ● | 6 | 125 | 138 | 89 | 40 | 55 | 14 | 20 | 66.7 | 63 | 33 | 9 | 16.4 | | 3.2 | 7,200 | | | | | | |
| | | 160R-14T7-M | ● | 7 | 160 | 173 | 110 | 40 | 55 | - | 18 | 26 | 101.6 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 5.1 | 6,300 | Fig. 3 | | | | | |
| | | 200R-14T8-M | ● | 8 | 200 | 213 | 142 | 60 | 110 | 18 | 26 | 101.6 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 7.3 | 5,700 | | | | | | | |
| | | 250R-14T10-M | ● | 10 | 250 | 263 | 142 | 60 | 110 | - | - | - | 80 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 10.5 | 5,100 | Fig. 4 | | | | | | |
| | | 315R-14T14-M | MTO | 14 | 315 | 328 | 222 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 80 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 19.4 | | 4,500 | | | | | |
| Fine pitch | MB45 - | 040R-14T3C-M | ● | 3 | 40 | 53 | 38 | 16 | 13.5 | 9 | - | - | - | - | 19 | 5.6 | 8.4 | 6 | 13 | -12 | Yes | 0.3 | 12,700 | Fig. 1 | |
| | | 050R-14T4C-M | ● | 4 | 50 | 63 | 48 | 22 | 18 | 11 | 40 | 21 | 6.3 | 10.4 | 0.4 | 11,400 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 063R-14T5C-M | ● | 5 | 63 | 76 | 50 | 27 | 20 | 13 | 50 | 24 | 7 | 12.4 | 0.6 | 10,100 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 080R-14T6C-M | ● | 6 | 80 | 93 | 70 | 27 | 20 | 13 | 50 | 30 | 8 | 14.4 | 1.4 | 9,000 | Fig. 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 100R-14T8C-M | ● | 8 | 100 | 113 | 78 | 32 | 45 | 40 | 55 | 33 | 9 | 16.4 | 1.8 | 8,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 125R-14T10C-M | ● | 10 | 125 | 138 | 89 | 40 | 55 | 14 | 20 | 66.7 | 63 | 33 | 9 | 16.4 | | 3.0 | 7,200 | | | | | | |
| | | 160R-14T12-M | ● | 12 | 160 | 173 | 110 | 40 | 55 | - | 18 | 26 | 101.6 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 4.9 | 6,300 | Fig. 3 | | | | | |
| | | 200R-14T14-M | ● | 14 | 200 | 213 | 142 | 60 | 110 | 18 | 26 | 101.6 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 7.0 | 5,700 | | | | | | | |
| | | 250R-14T16-M | ● | 16 | 250 | 263 | 142 | 60 | 110 | - | - | - | 80 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 10.2 | 5,100 | Fig. 4 | | | | | | |
| | | 315R-14T18-M | MTO | 18 | 315 | 328 | 222 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 80 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 19.2 | | 4,500 | | | | | |
| Extra fine pitch | MB45 - | 040R-14T4C-M | ● | 4 | 40 | 53 | 38 | 16 | 13.5 | 9 | - | - | - | - | 19 | 5.6 | 8.4 | 6 | 13 | -12 | Yes | 0.3 | 12,700 | Fig. 1 | |
| | | 050R-14T5C-M | ● | 5 | 50 | 63 | 48 | 22 | 18 | 11 | 40 | 21 | 6.3 | 10.4 | 0.4 | 11,400 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 063R-14T6C-M | ● | 6 | 63 | 76 | 50 | 27 | 20 | 13 | 50 | 24 | 7 | 12.4 | 0.6 | 10,100 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 080R-14T8C-M | ● | 8 | 80 | 93 | 70 | 27 | 20 | 13 | 50 | 30 | 8 | 14.4 | 1.3 | 9,000 | Fig. 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 100R-14T10C-M | ● | 10 | 100 | 113 | 78 | 32 | 45 | 40 | 55 | 33 | 9 | 16.4 | 1.7 | 8,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 125R-14T13C-M | ● | 13 | 125 | 138 | 89 | 40 | 55 | 14 | 20 | 66.7 | 63 | 33 | 9 | 16.4 | | 2.9 | 7,200 | | | | | | |
| | | 160R-14T16-M | ● | 16 | 160 | 173 | 110 | 40 | 55 | - | 18 | 26 | 101.6 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 4.8 | 6,300 | Fig. 3 | | | | | |
| | | 200R-14T18-M | ● | 18 | 200 | 213 | 142 | 60 | 110 | 18 | 26 | 101.6 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 6.9 | 5,700 | | | | | | | |
| | | 250R-14T20-M | ● | 20 | 250 | 263 | 142 | 60 | 110 | - | - | - | 80 | 35 | 14 | 25.7 | 10.1 | 5,100 | | | | | | | |

Maximum number of revolutions

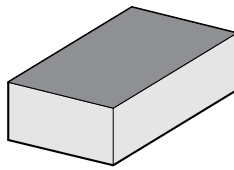
Set the number of revolutions per minute within the recommended cutting speed specified by the workpiece on page 10.

Do not use the face mill or shank type at the maximum revolution or higher since the centrifugal force may cause chips and parts to scatter even under no load.

● Available MTO: Made to order

Precautions

Applications



Facing

How to mount inserts

1. Completely eliminate chips and dust from the insert mounting side.
2. Coat anti-seize compound thinly on portion of taper and thread of clamp screw prior to installation.
3. After mounting a clamp screw on the top edge of wrench, tighten the screw while keeping the insert pushed against the shim seat surface and holder surface (Fig.1).
4. Tighten the wrench in a direction parallel to the clamp screw.
Recommended tightening torque ··· 4.5 N·m
5. After tightening, check that there is no gap between the contact surface of the insert and the surface of the shim, or between the side surface of insert and the holder surface.

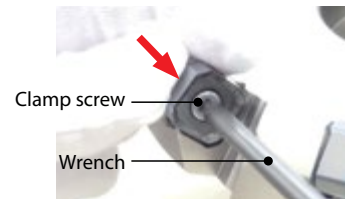
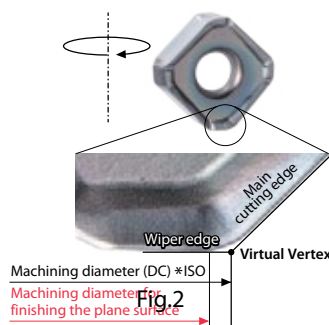


Fig.1

Defining the Machining Diameter (DC)

With respect to the machining diameter (DC) specified in ISO*, the numerical value of the machining diameter (Fig. 2) where the plane surface is finished depends on the insert. Please be careful.



Machining diameter at which the plane surface is finished (for ø125mm)

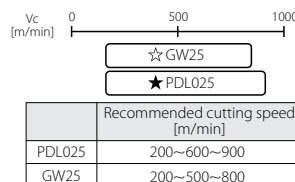
| | GM | GH | SM | AM |
|--|---|-------|-------|-------|
| Difference to machining diameter (DC) | -1.1 | -2.0 | -1.1 | -1.1 |
| Machining diameter (mm) at which the plane surface is finished *Dimensional tolerance | 123.9 | 123.0 | 123.9 | 123.9 |
| | $\begin{matrix} 0 \\ -0.2 \end{matrix}$ | | | |

*GH has a larger double-edge size, so the machining diameter at which the plane surface is finished is smaller than other inserts.

Precautions when machining

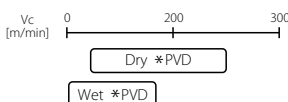
Precautions when machining aluminum

- Be sure to use within recommended conditions.
- Do not rotate more than the maximum speed listed on the main unit.
*The number of revolutions listed on the holder is the maximum number of revolutions without load.



Precautions for wet machining of steel

For wet machining, select PR1835 and use a cutting speed of 70% or less of the recommended condition as a guide.



MB45-125R-14T10C
SCREW:SB-50110TRP WRENCH:

MAX 7,200 RPM

Rotating at maximum speed is prohibited.



C
Chemical Vapor Deposition
V
D

CVD
TECHNOLOGY



KYOCERA'S COATING WORLD

Achieving Unprecedented Tool Life



P
Physical Vapor Deposition
V
D

MEGACOAT
NANO EX | Milling |